

Crystal and Magnetic Structures of $\text{Sr}_2\text{FeMnO}_{5+y}$, $y = 0.0$ and 0.5 .

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The defect perovskites $\text{Sr}_2\text{FeMnO}_{5+y}$ with $y = 0.0$ and 0.5 were prepared by firing in either argon ($y = 0.0$) or air ($y = 0.5$). Both crystallize in cubic Pm-3m with long range disordered oxygen vacancies in contrast to the similar $\text{Ca}_2\text{FeMnO}_{5+y}$ phases which show the vacancy ordered brownmillerite structure.[1] Neutron diffraction studies were carried out to verify the cubic structure, determine the oxygen content and detect magnetic scattering, if any. Table 1 shows the results with respect to crystal structure at 290 K.

Table 1. Unit cell constant and estimated y value for $\text{Sr}_2\text{FeMnO}_{5+y}$ at 290 K.

y (nominal)	a_0 (Å)	y (measured)
0.0	3.8933(1)	0.00(1)
0.5	3.8308(1)	0.55(1)

From magnetic susceptibility data, neither material shows evidence for long range magnetic order (Figure 1).

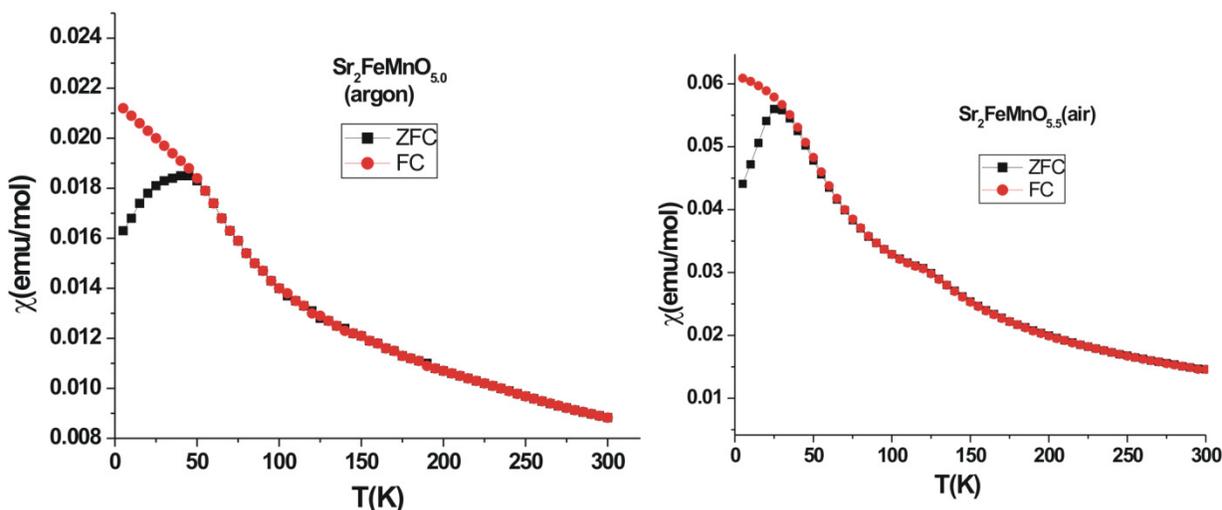


Fig. 1 Magnetic susceptibility for $\text{Sr}_2\text{FeMnO}_{5+y}$. (Left) $y = 0.0$. (Right) $y = 0.5$. Note the ZFC/FC divergences at $\sim 55\text{K}$ and $\sim 25\text{K}$ for $y = 0.0$ and 0.5 , respectively.

Magnetic neutron scattering was detected for both samples. For $y = 0.0$ these could be indexed on the cubic cell with an ordering wave vector $\mathbf{k} = \frac{1}{2} \frac{1}{2} \frac{1}{2}$, indicative of a G-type magnetic structure[2], but the reflections were broader than the resolution limit and corresponded to a correlation length of $50(1) \text{ \AA}$ (Figure 2).

For the $y = 0.55(1)$ sample, one very much weaker magnetic reflection was observed which could also be indexed on the same magnetic cell, but with a peak width which is nearly resolution limited, see reference [1].

References

- [1] Farshid Ramezanipour, John E. Greedan, Joan Siewenie, Th. Proffen, D.H. Ryan, Andrew P. Grosvenor and R. Donabarger, *Inorganic Chem.* 50 (2011) 7779-7791.
- [2] Tetsuhiro Katsumata, Akihiro Takase, Yoshiyuki Inaguma, John E. Greedan, Jacques Barbier, Lachlan M. D. Cranswick and Mario Bieringer, *MRS Symp. Proc.* 988 (2007) 0988-QQ06-03.

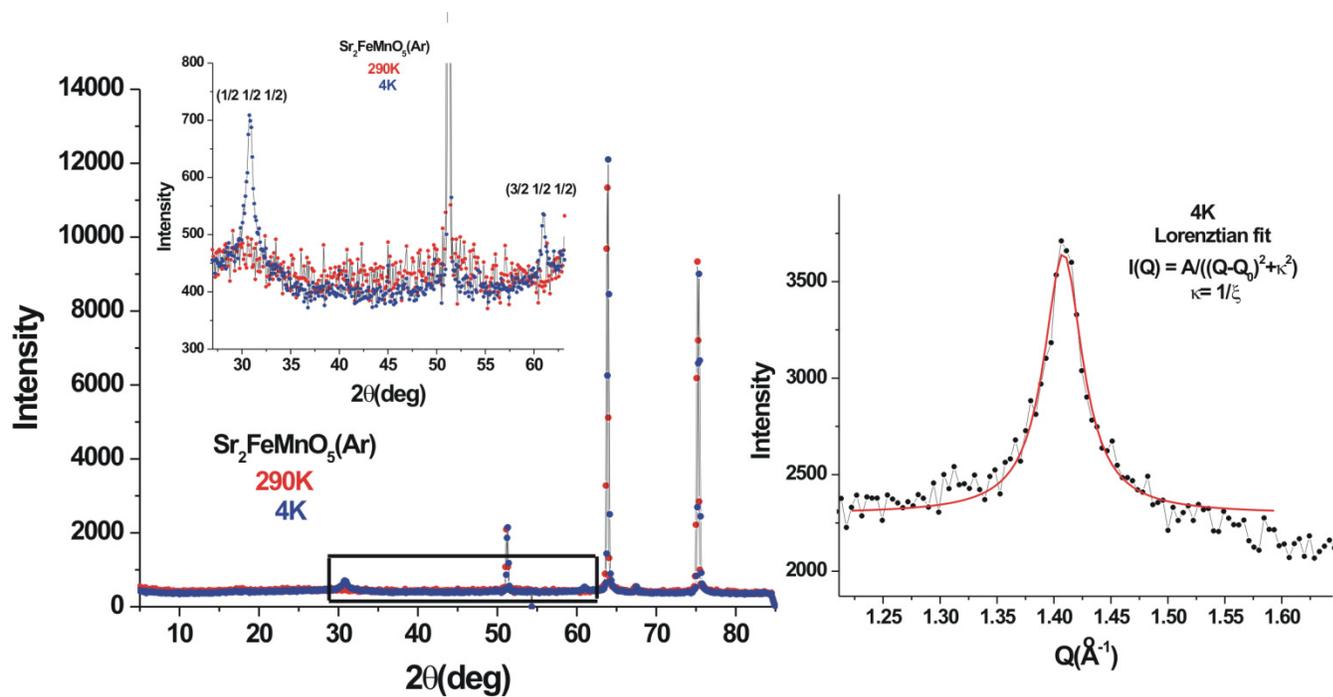


Fig. 2 (Left) Observation of diffuse magnetic reflections in $\text{Sr}_2\text{FeMnO}_{5.0}$ which can be indexed with $\mathbf{k} = \frac{1}{2} \frac{1}{2} \frac{1}{2}$. (Right) Analysis of the correlation length giving a value of $50(1) \text{ \AA}$.